

Understanding Software Carbon emissions

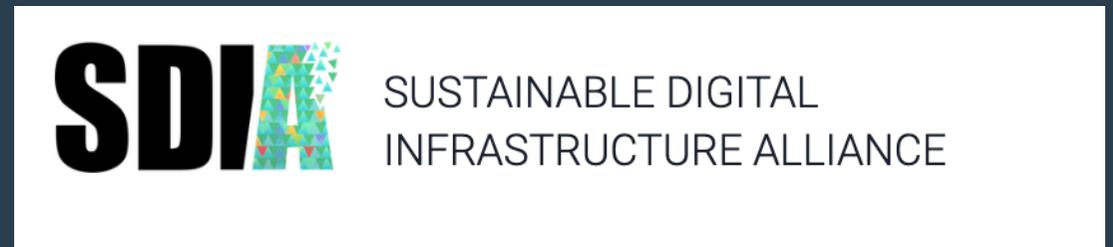
An overview of methodologies and tools

 GREEN CODING;

Standard slide for starters

Quick info - Arne Tarara / Green Coding Berlin

- Software-Dev 16+ years
- Founder & CEO **Green Coding Berlin GmbH**
 - We do research and development in open source tools for software resource consumption
 - We help organizations to run a more sustainable digital infrastructure



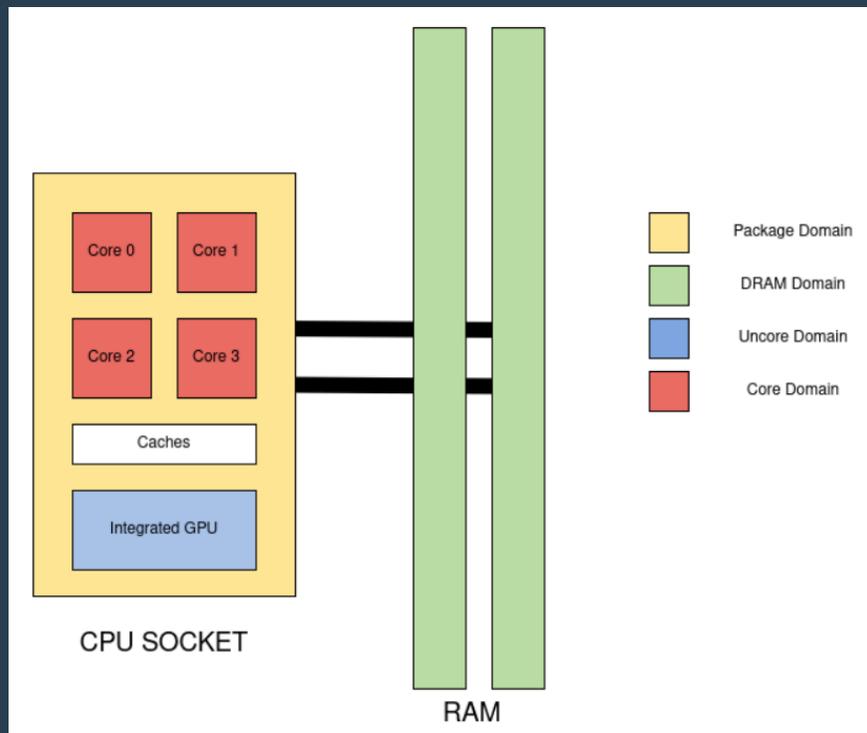
 **GREEN CODING;**

Running software uses energy

To make software more sustainable we need to make its consumption visible and use less energy.

How do we measure energy?

Two easy methods: Wall-Plug vs. Hardware/Software-Interfaces



Intel RAPL

Source: https://pyjoules.readthedocs.io/en/stable/devices/intel_cpu.html



Wall-Plug power meter

 **GREEN CODING;**

Code level power meter

codecarbon.io



- Python
- RAPL-based
- NVIDIA GPU support

```
1 import tensorflow as tf
2
3 from codecarbon import Emission|
4                               EmissionsTracker      codecarbon
5                               OfflineEmissionsTracker codecarbon
6                               Press ↵ to insert, → to replace Next Tip
7 (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
8 x_train, x_test = x_train / 255.0, x_test / 255.0
9
10
11 model = tf.keras.models.Sequential(
12     [
13         tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)),
```

Scaphandre - Hubblo

open-source RAPL based command line tool

- Neat feature: Can split by process

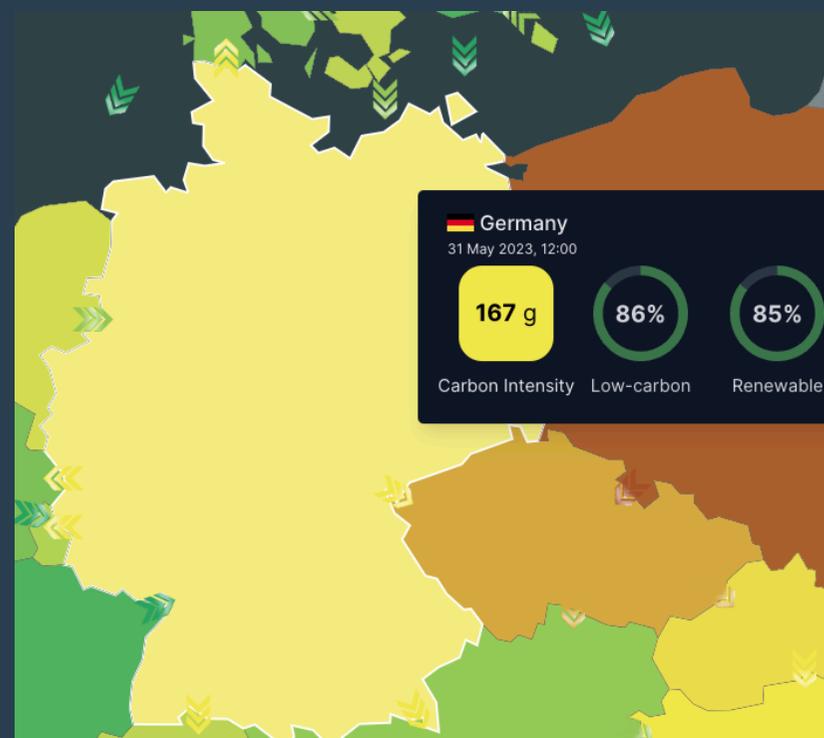
```
Host: 13.1463 W
package core dram uncore
Socket0 13.1463 W | 10.879847 W 0.748591 W 0.071402 W

Top 5 consumers:
Power PID Exe
10.400553 W 16621 "stress"
2.08011 W 16610 "scaphandre"
0.166408 W 2786 "gnome-shell"
0.083204 W 3915 "Xwayland"
0.041602 W 4621 "guake"
```

Getting from energy to CO2

Using grid emission factors

- **Electricitymaps**
<https://www.electricitymaps.com/>
- **Bundesnetzagentur**
<https://www.smard.de/home>
- **Watttime**
<https://www.watttime.org/>
- **Carbon-Aware-SDK**
<https://github.com/Green-Software-Foundation/carbon-aware-sdk>
- ... many more



Running software uses energy

To make software more sustainable we need to make its consumption visible and use less energy.

... but is that all that we have to take into account?

Running software uses energy and needs hardware

To make software more sustainable we need to make its consumption visible and use less energy.

... but is that all that we have to take into account?

Embodied Carbon

Using Life-Cycle-Assessment databases

- **Boavizta**

<https://dataviz.boavizta.org/manufacturereadata>

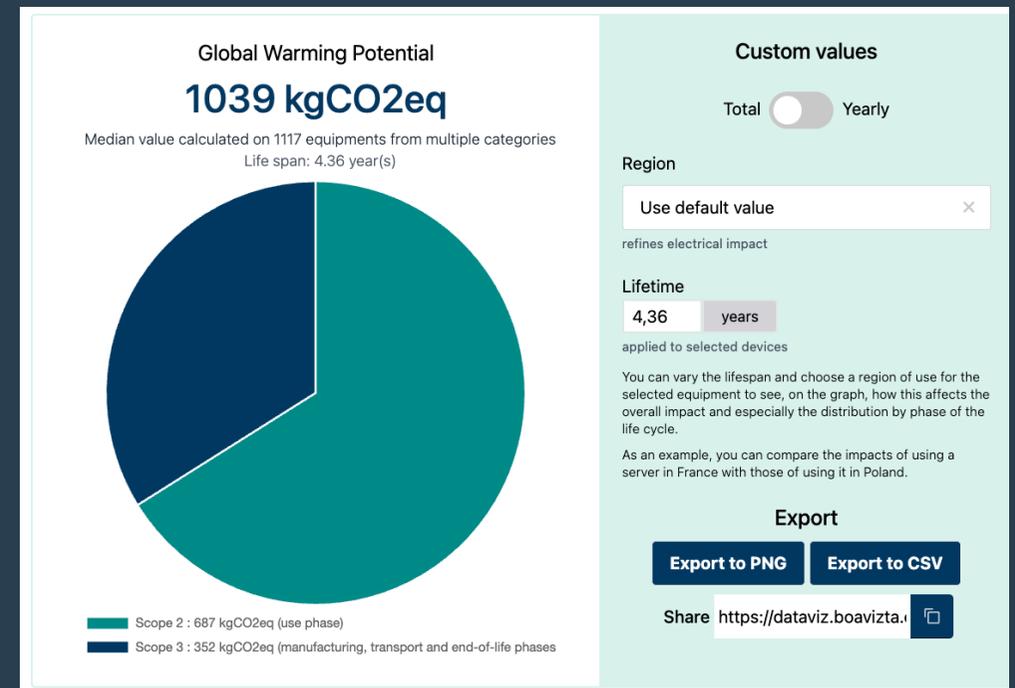
- **Microsoft**

<https://tco.exploresurface.com/sustainability/calculator>

- **Dell**

Example: https://www.delltechnologies.com/asset/en-us/products/servers/technical-support/Full_LCA_Dell_R740.pdf

- ... many more



Source: <https://dataviz.boavizta.org/manufacturereadata>

Running software uses energy, needs hardware,

To make software more sustainable we need to make its consumption visible and use less energy.

... but is that all that we have to take into account?

... but wait ... is that REALLY all we have to take into account?

**Running software uses energy,
needs hardware,
has to be developed, tested and deployed**

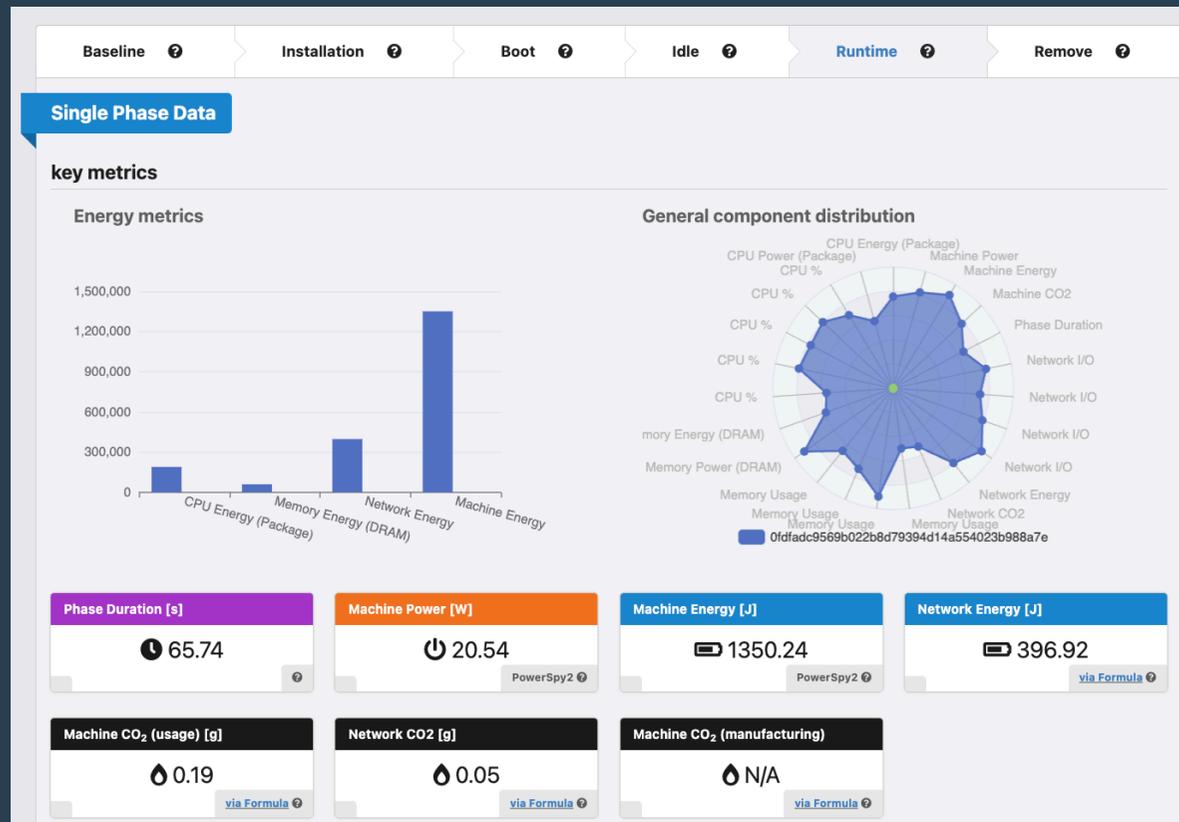
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Green Metrics Tool

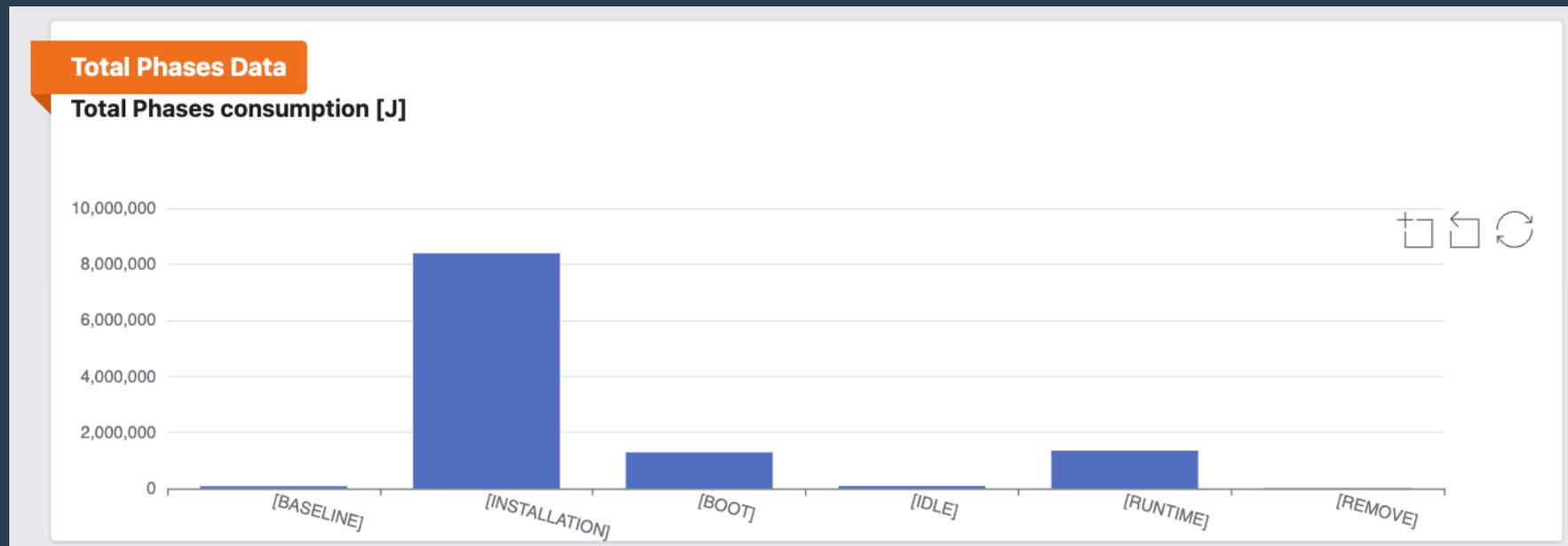
Understanding energy throughout different software runtime phases



Source: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin/>

Green Metrics Tool

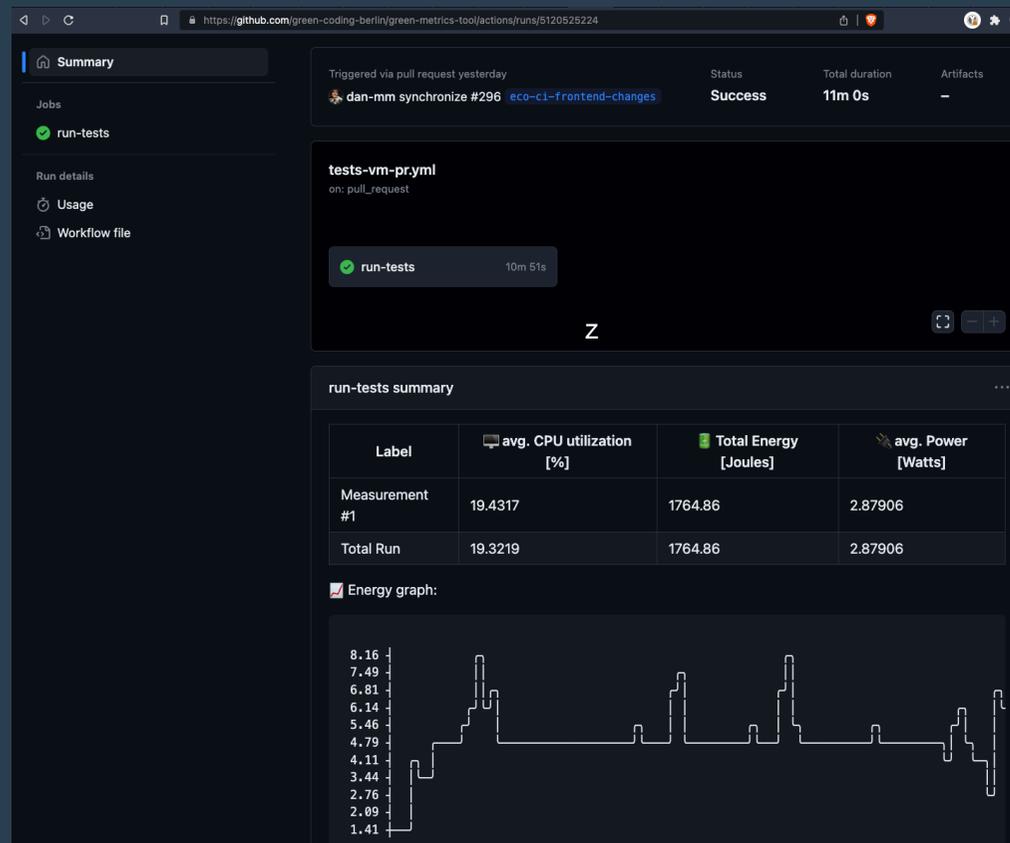
Understanding energy throughout different software runtime phases



Source: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin/>

Eco-CI

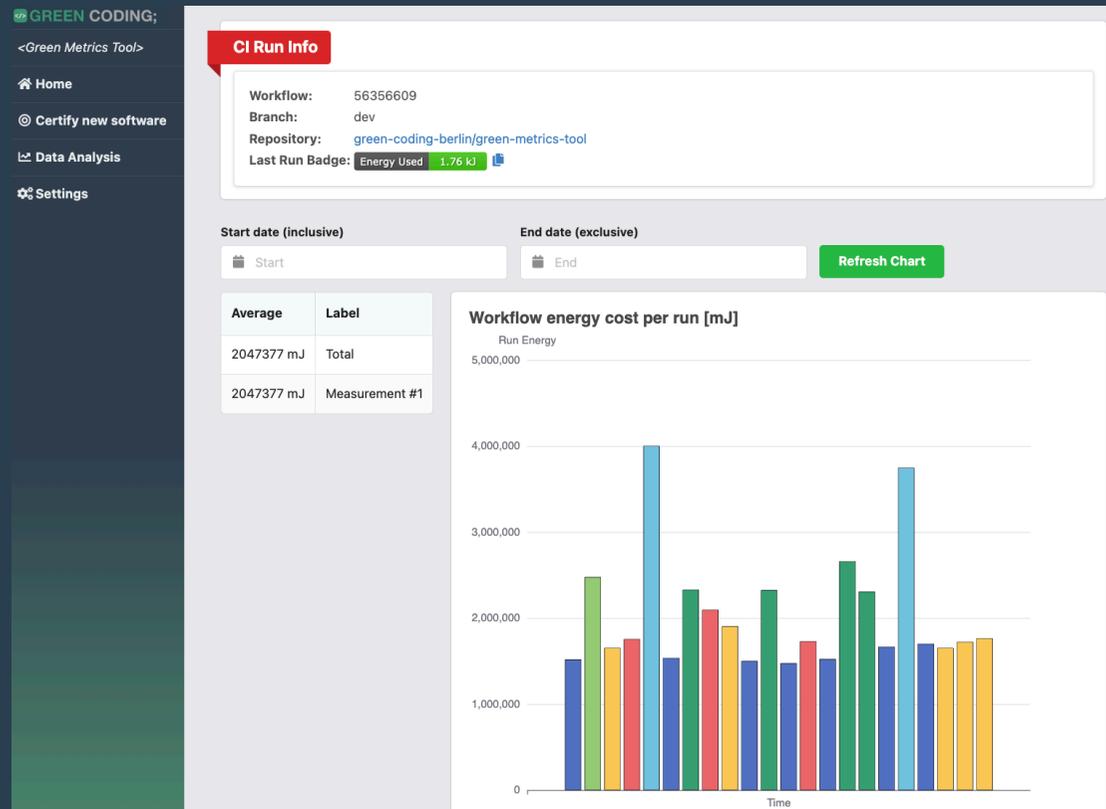
Estimating CI/CD pipeline energy



Source: <https://github.com/green-coding-berlin/green-metrics-tool/actions/runs/5120525224>

Eco-CI

Estimating CI/CD pipeline energy



Source: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin/ci.html?repo=green-coding-berlin%2Fgreen-metrics-tool&branch=dev&workflow=56356609>

Summary

- This was a whirlwind tour through the most used concepts of evaluating software carbon emissions.
- There are methodologies out there that also incorporate data-center costs, coolings costs etc.
- What we need the most at the moment is transparency and data.
- To start a paradigm shift: Measure your software and communicate it ❤️

Thank you! Time for Q&A

Follow [green-coding.berlin](https://www.green-coding.berlin)

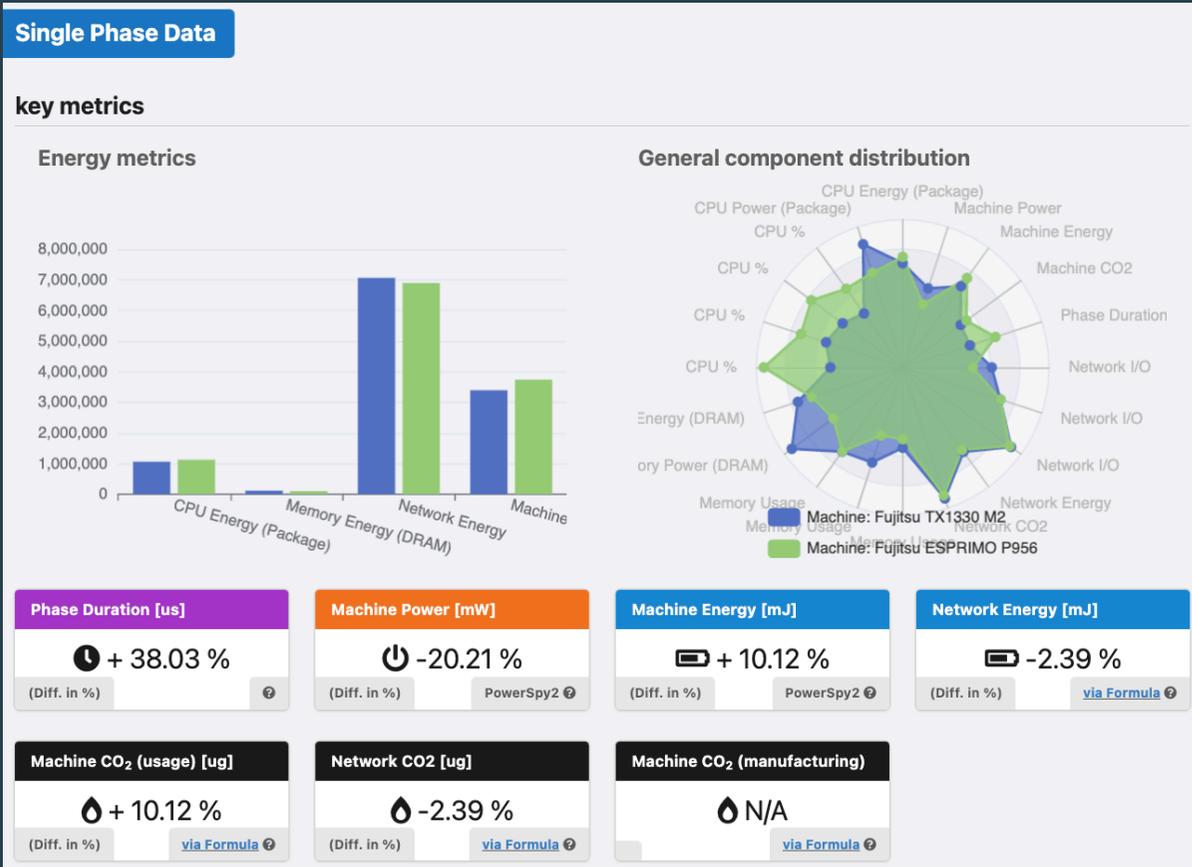
- Website / Blog / Newsletter: <https://www.green-coding.berlin>
- Demo Open Data Repository: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin>
- Unsere Projekte: <https://www.green-coding.berlin/#projects>
- Unsere Case-Studies: <https://www.green-coding.berlin/case-studies>
- Meetup Gruppe (Berlin): <https://www.meetup.com/green-coding>
- <https://www.linkedin.com/in/arne-tarara> / arne@green-coding.berlin

Backup Slides

Here be dragons ...

Green Metrics Tool

Statistical comparisons and API included



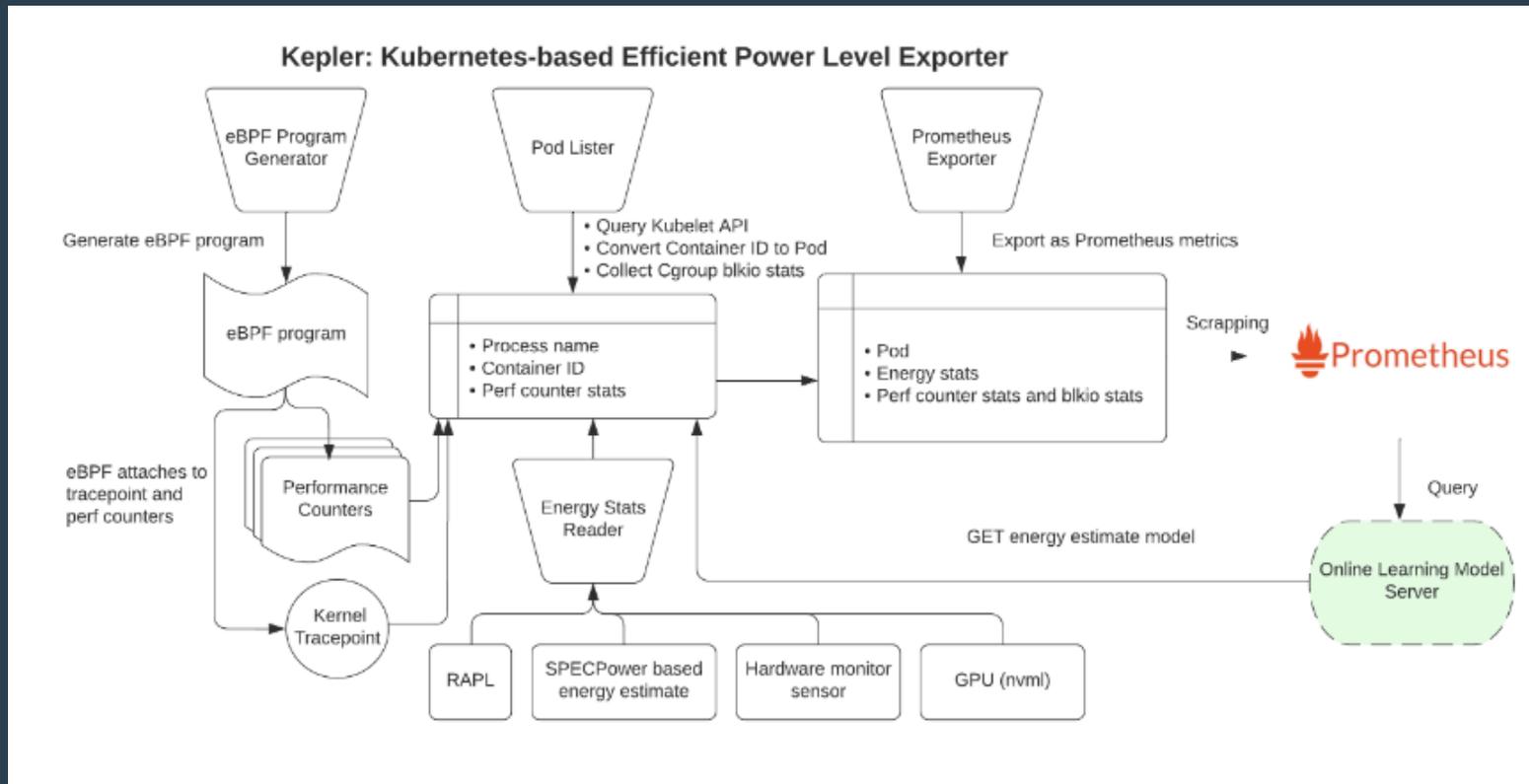
Source: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin>



Source: <https://metrics.green-coding.berlin>

Distributed Environments / Clusters

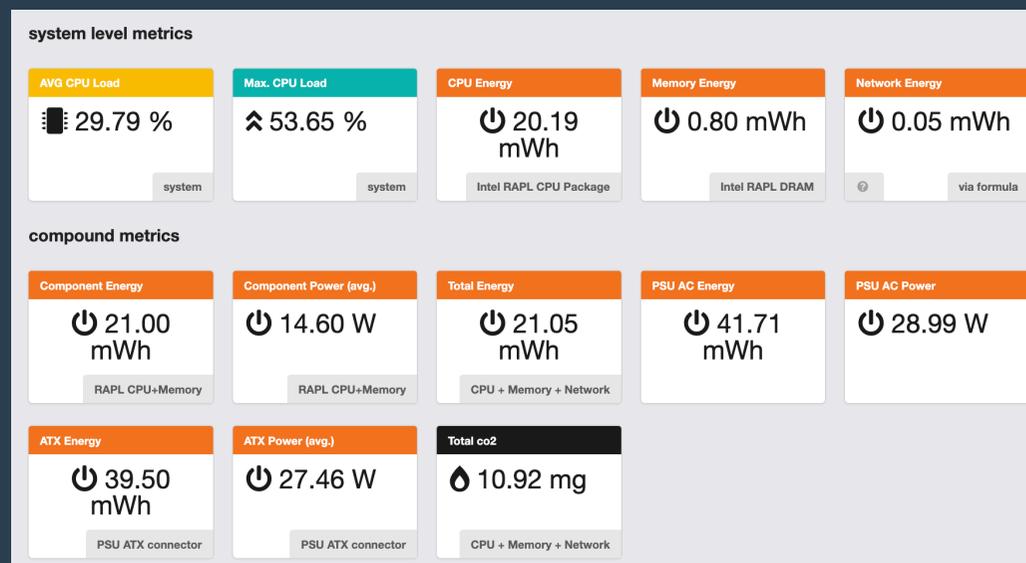
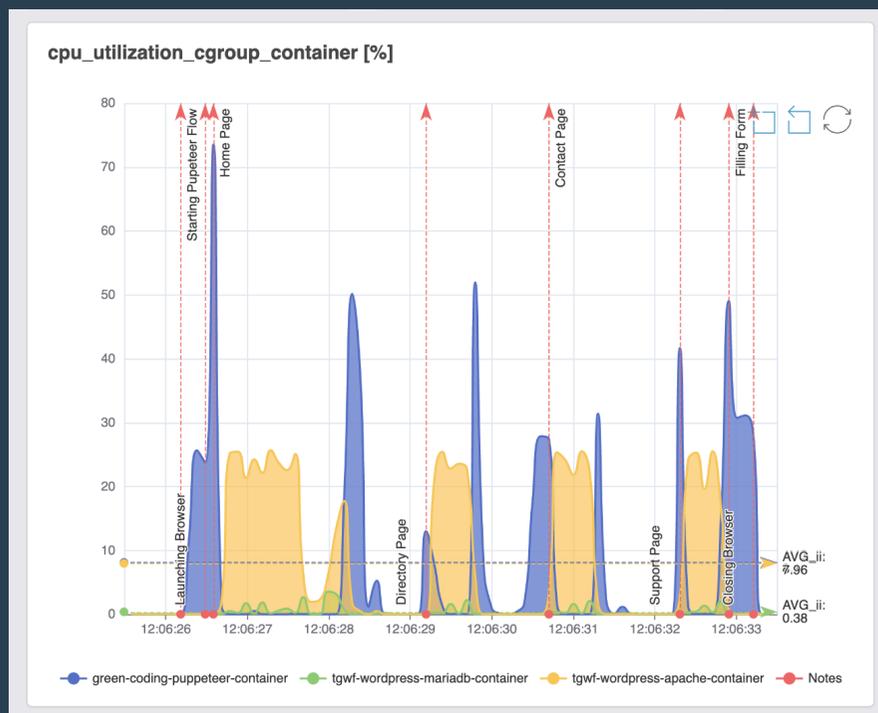
Introducing Kepler



<http://sustainable-computing.io>

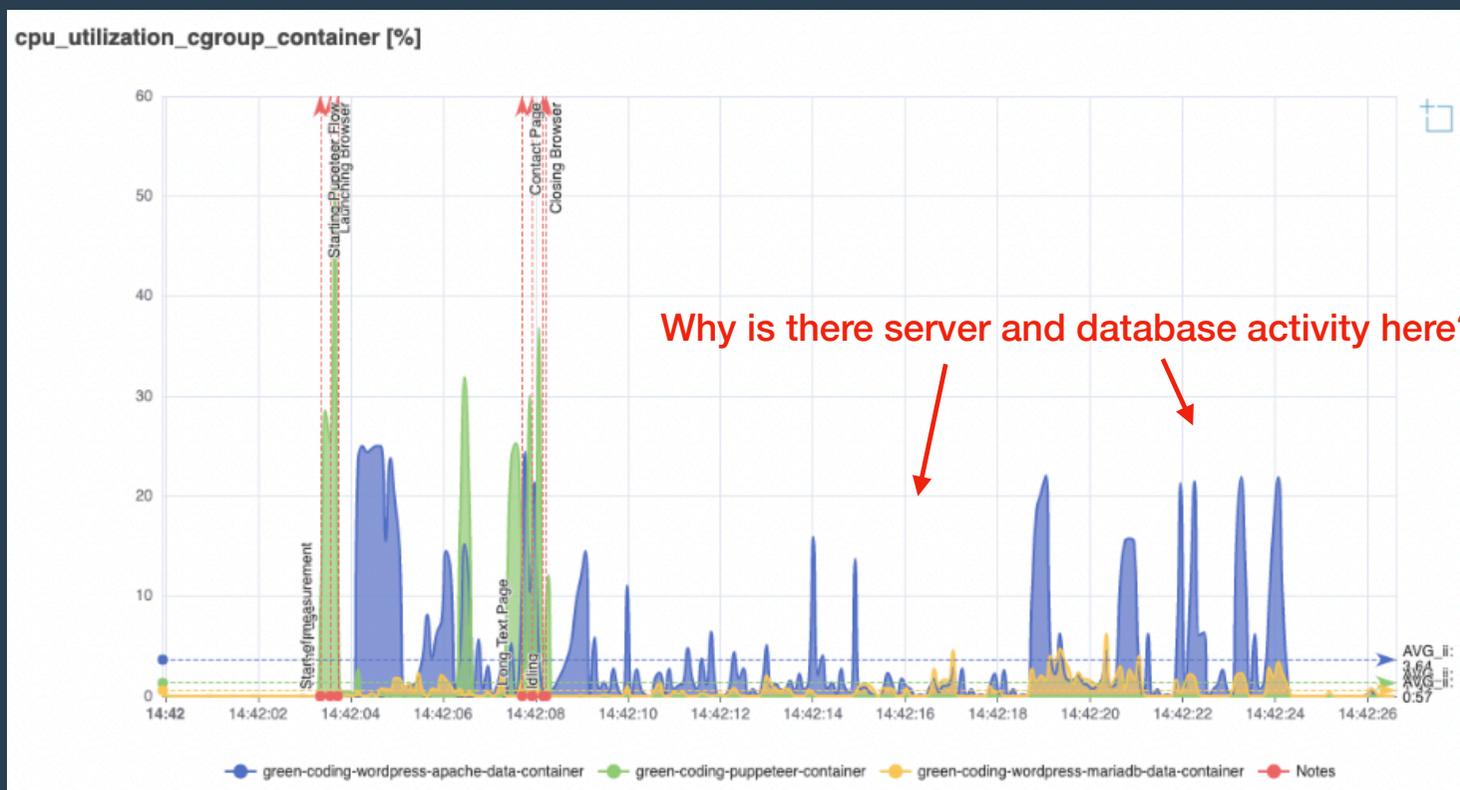
Green Metrics Tool

All-in-One solution for benchmarking, orchestration and transparency



Green Metrics Tool

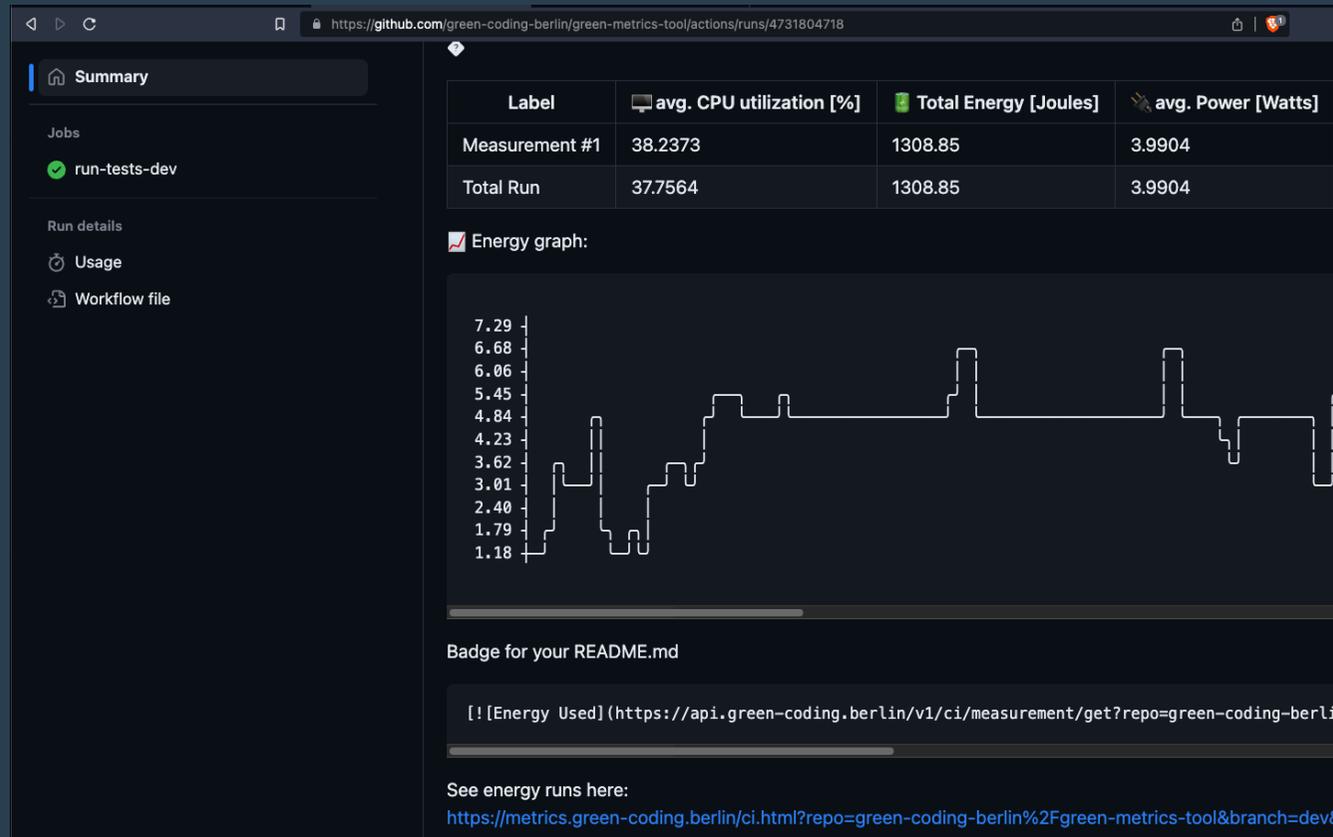
Container native; For detailed inspection of architecture



Use-Case mit Wordpress / Django Community

Eco CI Tools - Green Coding Berlin

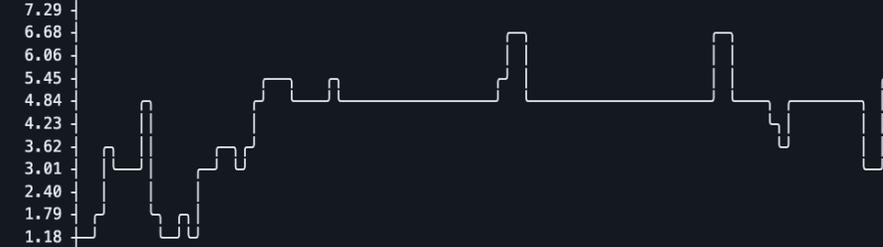
Energy inside of a CI / CD Pipeline



The screenshot shows a GitHub Actions run summary for the job 'run-tests-dev'. The main content area displays a table of energy metrics and an energy graph.

| Label | avg. CPU utilization [%] | Total Energy [Joules] | avg. Power [Watts] |
|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Measurement #1 | 38.2373 | 1308.85 | 3.9904 |
| Total Run | 37.7564 | 1308.85 | 3.9904 |

Energy graph:



The graph shows a step-like function representing power usage. The y-axis ranges from 1.18 to 7.29. The power usage starts at approximately 1.18, increases to about 3.01, then to 4.84, and continues to rise with several steps, reaching a peak of 7.29 before decreasing.

Badge for your README.md

```
[! [Energy Used] (https://api.green-coding.berlin/v1/ci/measurement/get?repo=green-coding-berlin
```

See energy runs here:
<https://metrics.green-coding.berlin/ci.html?repo=green-coding-berlin%2Fgreen-metrics-tool&branch=dev&v>

Eco-CI Tools on Github - Integrated into Actions directly



Weitere Tools ...

for questions regarding a specific tool, please ask in the Q&A!

- powertop
- powermetrics
- Cloud Carbon Footprint
- turbostat
- powerJoularX
- PAPI
- greenframe.io
- ...

Best Practices

According to the Blue Angel for Software

- Measure your system
- Go for reusability
- Go for exportability / interoperability
- Code must also run on older hardware
 - To fight device obsolescence (within reason)



Best Practices

According to the Green Software Foundation - A surprising mix

- **Tips that are well known and not really "green software"**
 - Known from other tools: Cache Static data, Minify JS / CSS, HTTP/2, Block Bots, Adblockers etc. ...
 - ... : Use energy efficient AI models 🤖
 - Common knowledge: Right-Size VMs
 - ...
- **Tips that are debatable**
 - Run AI models at the edge
 - Use sustainable regions -> Depends on the network transfer. Hard to wage
 - Stateless design -> On its own no gain
- Source: <https://patterns.greensoftware.foundation/catalog/cloud/match-utilization-requirements-of-vm/>

Best Practices?

Even simple questions are hard (impossible) to answer

- **Is email more sustainable than paper?**
 - Paper consumes a fixed amount. Email has pot. infinite storage and processing
- **Is Serverless more sustainable than classic VMs?**
 - No solid data on this (Deno / Isolates / Firecracker)
 - Cloudflare / Amazon did decline when asking for sustainability insights
- **Is using AWS Graviton more sustainable than Intel**
 - What happens to electronic waste?! Life-Cycle ...?
- **Is Python more sustainable than Rust?**
 - Python uses 80-times the Instructions where as Rust uses 1-3. Still people are not changing because of "cost of development" etc.

Problems

with current "sustainability" best practices

- **Often they just employ common sense**
 - Like: "run less tests"
- **Often generic advice**
 - "Use sustainable libraries"
- **Often can be harmful also**
 - Switching machines brings electronic waste
- **Hard to generalize at the moment**
 - Because we have no data
- **Can contain pitfalls**
 - Like: "Less runtime is always better" ... **no**: TurboBoost, HyperThreading etc. may inverse result
- We plead for a simpler solution

Best Practices - as backend engineer

An approach for a framework atm.

1. **Quantify** your system!
How much am I using for what service (Green Metrics Tool, Scaphandre, Kepler etc.)
ASK your service provider for values you don't know.
2. **Green Energy** (-> Green Web Foundation)
Constantly / Location-Shifting / Time-Shifting - But not on the moon please!
 - TODO: Dark mode -> Yes!
 - Turn Video resolution down
 - Turn machines off
 - Right Size VMs
 - Reduce Backups, Logs etc.
 - Turbo Boost off!
 - Hyper Threading usually on
3. **Idle machines** (Async / Polling / Microservices)
Only makes sense if you can really turn machines off
4. **Architecture Overhead** (Backups, Logs, Redundancy, Over-Provisioning of Services / Machines)
5. **Language Overhead** (C-Extensions, WebAssembly, Language-Swaps)
6. **Code Changes**
Even 99% Code runtime reduction is of limited help if the machine then idles

Best Practices - as user TODO

An approach for a framework atm.

1. **Quantify** your system!
Get a power meter. User RAPL
ASK your service provider for values you don't know.
2. **Green Energy** (-> Switch energy provider)
Constantly
3. **Idle machines** (Turn your box and monitor off)
4. **Architecture Overhead** (Backups, Logs, Redundancy, Over-Provisioning of Services / Machines)
5. **Language Overhead** (C-Extensions, WebAssembly, Language-Swaps)
6. **Code Changes**
Even 99% Code runtime reduction is of limited help if the machine then idles

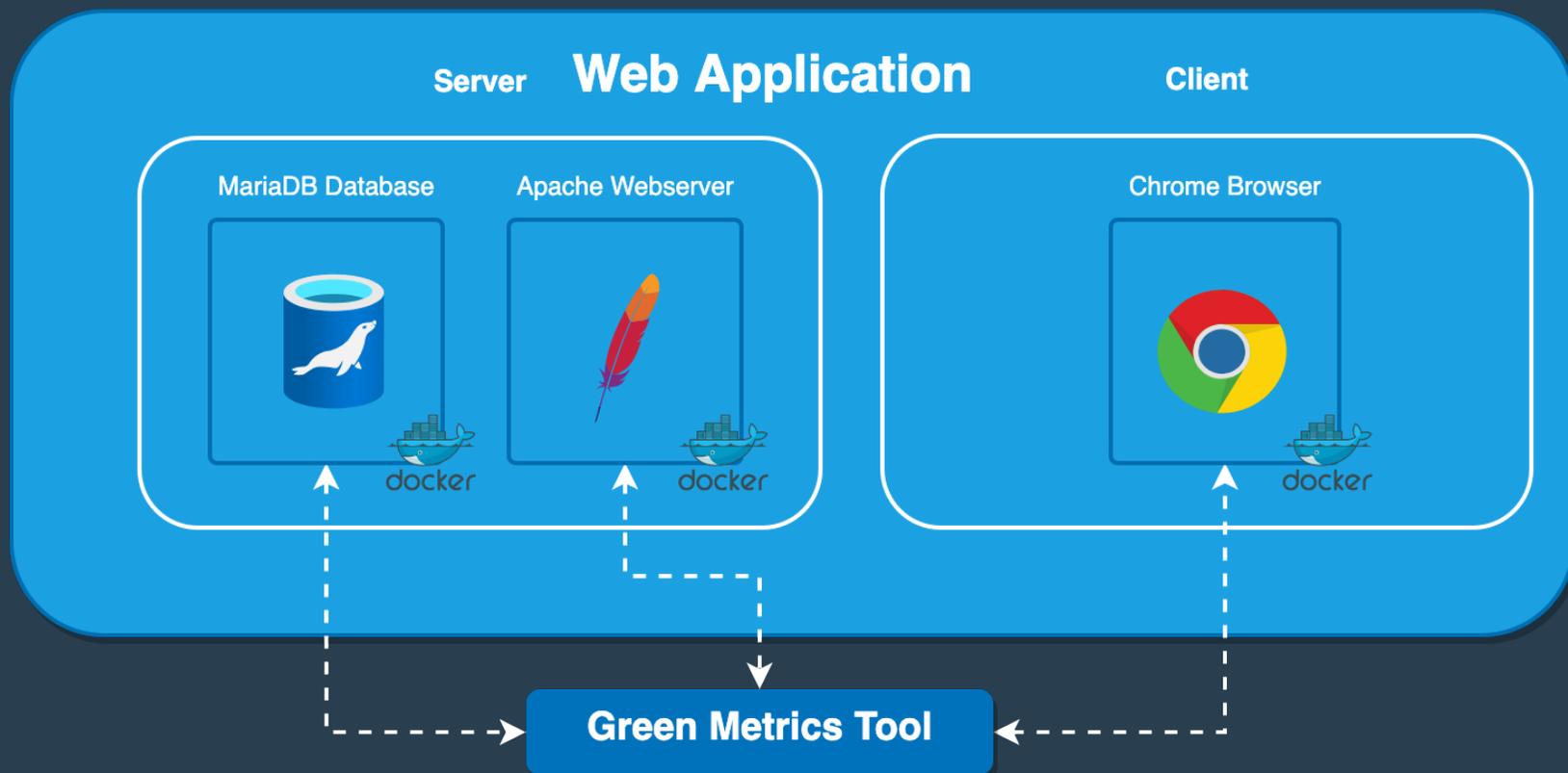
Best Practices

Some general guidance

- **No fanciness until proven helpful**
- **Use less resources -> Yes, common sense!**
 - Services, Machines etc.
- **No off-loading / Backlashes**
 - We are more sustainable, we now use a data provider for that machine!
 - We now use 5 GB less memory (and calculate everything on request :()
- **General Question: If everybody would do it this way. Would we have enough resources?**
 - Simple chat-bot => ChatGPT
 - Portfolio Website: VPS with Wordpress and database

Green Metrics Tool - Schaubild

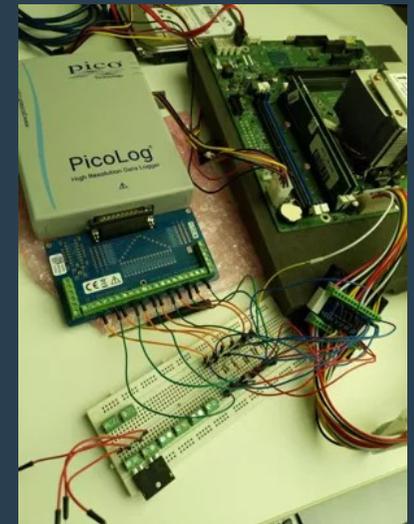
Container Aufbau für Client-Server Apps



Green Metrics Tool - Hardware Setup

Mess-Sensoren im Green Metrics Tool

- AC / DC Energie
 - IPMI
 - GUDE (Blauer Engel)
 - PowerSpy2 - Consumer Grade Oscilloscope
 - Custom Mainboard Connector for Fujitsu ESPRIMO
- CPU % / CPU-Frequenz
- Temperatur
- CPU / DRAM Energie
 - RAPL
- Netzwerk Datenverkehr / Energie
- Container-Metriken
- ... weitere Reporter als Open-Source Plugin-In möglich



Green Metrics Tool - Cluster Setup

Aktuelle Rechner im Green Metrics Tool Cluster

- Fujitsu ESPRIMO P956 - Blue Angel compatible (Ubuntu)
- Fujitsu TX1330 M2 - Single-Tenant Server (Ubuntu)
- Quanta Leopard - Multi-Tenant Server - SoftAWERE compatible (Ubuntu)
- Intel Mac 13" Q3-2015
- M1 Mac 13" Q1-2022

Green Metrics Tool - Supported Software

Software Kategorien und OS

- **Server / Client Anwendungen**
 - Beispiele Nextcloud und Django CMS
- **CLI Anwendungen**
 - Beispiele curl oder ML Anwendungen (sklearn, pytorch)
- **Desktop Apps**
 - Beispiele: Google Chrome, Firefox etc.
- **OS**
 - macOS
 - Linux (Ubuntu & Fedora)
 - Windows (nur Gesamtleistung an der Steckdose)